VHDL 200X: The Future of VHDL

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VHDL-200X: The Future of VHDL

- VHDL-200X is a multi-phased effort.
  - Covers the next several language revisions.
  - Fast Track = first set of enhancements. WG completion soon
- Goals:
  - Maintain VHDL style, nature, and backward compatibility
  - Leverage Industry Efforts (PSL, SystemVerilog, …)

Caution: Changes presented here are a work in progress

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VHDL-200X-FT: Proposals

- PSL
- IP Protection
- Type Generics
- Generics on Packages
- Context Unit
- Arrays with unconstrained arrays
- Records with unconstrained arrays
- Fixed Point Packages
- Floating Point Packages
- Process(all)
- Case Statement Updates
- Don't Care in a Case Statement
- Conditional Expression Updates
- Expressions in port maps
- Read out ports
- Stop and Finish
- Conditional and Selected assignment in sequential code
- If Expressions
- hwrite, owrite, … hread, oread
- to_string, to_hstring, …
- Sized bit string literals
- Unary Reduction Operators
- Array/Scalar Logic Operators
- Hierarchical references of signals
- Slices in array aggregates
- Std_logic_1164 Updates
- Numeric_Std Updates

Much of VHDL's cumbersome syntax issues can be fixed

PSL

- PSL will be incorporated directly into VHDL
- Implications
  - PSL Vunits are a VHDL Design Unit
  - PSL declarations (properties) can go in:
    - Packages
    - Declarative regions of entity, architecture, and block.
  - PSL directives (assert, cover, …) are VHDL statements
    - Can be placed in any concurrent statement part.

Note: PSL code will not need to be placed in comments

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IP Protection and Encryption

- A pragma-based approach
- Allows IP authors to mark specific areas of VHDL code for encryption using standard algorithms.
- The proposal:
  - Defines constructs to demarcate protected envelopes in VHDL source code.
  - Defines keywords to specify algorithms and keys.
- Tools that work with encrypted IP must not reveal any details through any interface or output it generates.
  - For example, a synthesis tool should generate an encrypted netlist for any portion of a design that is encrypted.

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Type Generics + Generics on Packages

```
package MuxPkg is
  generic( type array_type) ;
  function Mux4 (
    Sel : std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
    A   : array_type ;
    B   : array_type ;
    C   : array_type ;
    D   : array_type
  ) return array_type ;
end MuxPkg ;
package body MuxPkg is
   . . .
end MuxPkg ;
```

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Type Generics + Generics on Packages

- Making the Mux4 function available for both std_logic_vector and unsigned.

```
library ieee ;
package MuxPkg_slv is new work.MuxPkg
  Generic map (
    array_type => ieee.std_logic_1164.std_logic_vector
  ) ;

library ieee ;
package MuxPkg_unsigned is new work.MuxPkg
  Generic map (
     array_type => ieee.numeric_std.unsigned
  ) ;
```

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Context Unit = Primary Design Unit

- Allows a group of packages to be referenced by a single name

```
Context project1_Ctx is
  use std.textio.all ;
  library ieee  ;
  use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
  use ieee.numeric_std.all ;
  use ieee.fixed_pkg.all ;
end ;
```

- Reference the named context unit

```
Library Lib_P1 ;
  context Lib_P1.project1_ctx ;
```

- Benefit increases as additional standard packages are created
  - Fixed Point, Floating Point, Assertion Libraries, . . .

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Arrays of Unconstrained Arrays

```
type std_logic_matrix is array (natural range <>)
  of std_logic_vector ;

-- constraining in declaration
signal A : std_logic_matrix(7 downto 0)(5 downto 0) ;

entity e is
port (
   A : std_logic_matrix(7 downto 0)(5 downto 0) ;
   . . .
) ;
```


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Records of Unconstrained Arrays

```
type complex is record
  a  : std_logic ;
  re : signed ;
  im : signed ;
end record ;

-- constraining in declaration
signal B : complex (re(7 downto 0), im(7 downto 0)) ;
```


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Fixed Point Types

- Definitions in package, ieee.fixed_pkg.all

```
type ufixed is array (integer range <>) of std_logic;
type sfixed is array (integer range <>) of std_logic;
```

- For downto range, whole number is on the left and includes 0.

```
constant A : ufixed (3 downto -3) := "0011010000" ;

  3210 -3
  IIIIFFF
  0110100  = 0110.100 = 6.5
```

- Math is full precision math:

```
signal A, B : ufixed (3 downto -3) ;
signal Y    : ufixed (4 downto -3) ;
. . .
Y <= A + B ;
```


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Floating Point Types

- Definitions in package, ieee.fphdl_pkg.all

```
type fp is array (integer range <>) of std_logic;
```

- Format is Sign Bit, Exponent, Fraction

```
signal A, B, Y : fp (8 downto -23) ;

  8  76543210  12345678901234567890123
  S  EEEEEEEE  FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

E = Exponent has a bias of 127
F = Fraction has an implied 1 in leftmost bit

0  10000000  00000000000000000000000  =  2.0
0  10000001  10100000000000000000000  =  6.5
0  01111100  00000000000000000000000  =  0.125 = 1/8

Y <= A + B ;  -- FP numbers must be same size
```


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Process (all)

- Creates a sensitivity list with all signals on sensitivity list

```
Mux3_proc : process(all)
begin
  case MuxSel is
    when "00" =>      Y <= A ;
    when "01" =>      Y <= B ;
    when "10" =>      Y <= C ;
    when others =>    Y <= 'X' ;
  end case ;
end process
```

- Benefit: Reduce mismatches between simulation and synthesis

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Simplified Case Statement

- Allow locally static expressions to contain:
  - implicitly defined operators that produce composite results
  - operators and functions defined in std_logic_1164, numeric_std, and numeric_unsigned.

```
constant ONE1    : unsigned := "11" ;
constant CHOICE2 : unsigned := "00" & ONE1 ;
signal A, B      : unsigned (3 downto 0) ;
. . .
process (A, B)
begin
  case A xor B is
    when "0000"      =>    Y <= "00" ;
    when CHOICE2     =>    Y <= "01" ;
    when "0110"      =>    Y <= "10" ;
    when ONE1 & "00" =>    Y <= "11" ;
    when others      =>    Y <= "XX" ;
  end case ;
end process ;
```


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Simplified Case Statement

- Although concatenation is specifically allowed, some cases will still require a type qualifier.

```
signal A, B, C, D : std_logic ;
. . .

process (A, B, C, D)
begin
  case std_logic_vector'(A & B & C & D) is
    when "0000" =>   Y <= "00" ;
    when "0011" =>   Y <= "01" ;
    when "0110" =>   Y <= "10" ;
    when "1100" =>   Y <= "11" ;
    when others =>   Y <= "XX" ;
  end case ;
end process ;
```


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Case With Don't Care

- Allow use of '-' in targets provided targets are non-overlapping

```
-- Priority Encoder
process (Request)
begin
  case? Request is
    when "1---" =>   Grant <= "1000" ;
    when "01--" =>   Grant <= "0100" ;
    when "001-" =>   Grant <= "0010" ;
    when "0001" =>   Grant <= "0001" ;
    when others =>   Grant <= "0000" ;
  end case ;
end process ;
```

Note: Only '-' in the case target is treated as a don't care.
A '-' in the case? Expression will not be treated as a don't care.

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Simplified Conditional Expressions

- Applies to conditional of: if, elsif, wait until, when, while

```
if (Cs1 and not nCs2 and Cs3 and Addr=X"A5") then
if (Cs1 and nCs2='0' and Cs3 and Addr=X"A5") then
if (not nWe) then
```

- Active low is represented with "not nCs2"

```
Sel <= Cs1 and not nCs2 and Cs3 ;
```

- Backward compatible with current VHDL syntax:

```
if nWe = '0' then
if (Cs1='1' and nCs2='0'   and Addr=X"A5") then
if ((Cs1 and not nCs2)='1' and Addr=X"A5") then
```


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Simplified Conditional Expressions

- Implementation Part 1:
  If top level of a conditional expression is either bit or std_ulogic, then call the function condition? to do the conversion.
  - This makes the following legal:

```
if (Cs1 and not nCs2 and Cs3) then
```

- Implementation Part 2:
  Overload logic operators so if boolean used with bit/std_ulogic, then the result will be bit/std_ulogic
  - Maintains accuracy by promoting true to '1' and false to '0'
  - This makes the following legal:

```
if (Cs1 and not nCs2 and Cs3 and Addr=X"A5") then
DevSel1 <= Cs1 and not nCs2 and Cs3 and Addr=X"A5" ;
```


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Signal Expressions in Port Maps

```
U_UUT : UUT
  port map ( A, Y and C, B) ;
```

- Needed to avoid extra signal assignments with OVL

- If expression is not a single signal, constant, or does not qualify as a conversion function, then
  - convert it to an equivalent concurrent signal assignment
  - and it will incur a delta cycle delay

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Read Output Ports

- Read output ports
  - Value read will be locally driven value

- Assertions need to be able to read output ports

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Stop and Finish

- Add procedures STOP and FINISH:
  - STOP - Stops like breakpoint
  - FINISH - Terminate the simulation

```
procedure STOP;

procedure FINISH;
```

- Benefit:
  - Just stop. No annoying messages.

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Allow Conditional Assignments for Signals and Variables in Sequential Code

- Statemachine code:

```
if (FP = '1') then
    NextState  <= FLASH ;
else
    NextState  <= IDLE ;
end if ;
```

- Simplification (new part is that this is in a process):

```
NextState <= FLASH when (FP = '1') else IDLE ;
```

- Also support conditional variable assignment:

```
NextState := FLASH when (FP = '1') else IDLE ;
```


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Allow Selected Assignments for Signals and Variables in Sequential Code

```
signal A, B, C, D, Y : std_logic ;
signal MuxSel : std_logic_vector(1 downto 0) ;
. . .
Process(clk)
begin
  wait until Clk = '1' ;
  with MuxSel select
    Mux :=
      A when "00",
      B when "01",
      C when "10",
      D when "11",
     'X' when others ;

  Yreg <= nReset and Mux ;
end process ;
```


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IF Expressions

- Similar to conditional signal assignment …

```
Y <=  A and B  if S = '1',  C and D ;
Y <= (A and B) if S = '1', (C and D) ;
```

- … except it is an expression:

```
Y <= A and (B if S = '1', C) and D ;
```

- And it can be used anywhere an expression can:

```
Signal A : integer := 7 if GEN_VAL = 1, 15 ;

with MuxSel select
  Y <= (A if Asel='1', B)  when '0',
       (C if Csel='1', D)  when '1',
       'X' when others ;
```


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Hwrite, Hread, Owrite, Oread

- Support Hex and Octal read & write for all bit based array types

```
procedure hwrite (
      Buf             : inout Line ;
      VALUE           : in integer;
      JUSTIFIED       : in SIDE  := RIGHT;
      FIELD           : in WIDTH := 0
  ) ;
procedure hread (
      Buf             : inout Line ;
      VALUE           : out integer;
      Good            : out boolean
) ;
procedure oread ( . . . ) ;
procedure owrite ( . . . ) ;
```

- No new packages. Supported in base package
  - For backward compatibility, std_logic_textio will be empty

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To_String, To_HString, To_OString

- Create to_string for all types.
- Create hex and octal functions for all bit based array types

```
function to_string (
      VALUE           : in std_logic_vector;
      JUSTIFIED       : in SIDE  := RIGHT;
      FIELD           : in WIDTH := 0
  ) return string ;
function to_hstring ( . . . ) return string ;
function to_ostring ( . . . ) return string ;
```

- Formatting Output with Write (not write from TextIO):

```
write(Output, "%%%ERROR data value miscompare." &
  NL & "  Actual value = " & to_hstring (Data) &
  NL & "  Expected value = " & to_hstring (ExpData) &
  NL & "  at time:  " & to_string (now, right, 12)) ;
```


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Sized Bit String Literals

- Currently hex bit string literals are a multiple of 4 in size

```
X"AA"  =  "10101010"
```

- Allow specification of size (and decimal bit string literals):

```
7X"7F"  =  "1111111"
7D"127" =  "1111111"
```

- Allow specification of signed vs unsigned (extension of value):

```
9UX"F"  =  "000001111"    Unsigned 0 fill
9SX"F"  =  "111111111"    Signed: left bit = sign
9X"F"   =  "000001111"    Defaults to unsigned
```

- Allow Replication of X and Z

```
7X"XX"  =  "XXXXXXX"
7X"ZZ"  =  "ZZZZZZZ"
```


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Unary Reduction Operators

- Define unary AND, OR, XOR, NAND, NOR, XNOR

```
function "and"  ( anonymous: BIT_VECTOR) return BIT;
function "or"   ( anonymous: BIT_VECTOR) return BIT;
function "nand" ( anonymous: BIT_VECTOR) return BIT;
function "nor"  ( anonymous: BIT_VECTOR) return BIT;
function "xor"  ( anonymous: BIT_VECTOR) return BIT;
function "xnor" ( anonymous: BIT_VECTOR) return BIT;
```

- Calculating Parity with reduction operators:

```
Parity <= xor Data ;
```

- Calculating Parity without reduction operators:

```
Parity <= Data(7) xor Data(6) xor Data(5) xor
          Data(4) xor Data(3) xor Data(2) xor
          Data(1) xor Data(0) ;
```


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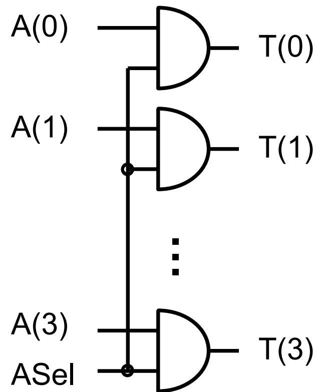
Array / Scalar Logic Operators

- Overload logic operators to allow:

```
signal ASel : std_logic ;
signal T, A : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0) ;
. . .
T <= (A and ASel) ;
```



The value of ASel will replicated to form an array.

When ASel = '0', value expands to "0000"

When ASel = '1', value expands to "1111"

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Array / Scalar Logic Operators

- A common application is to data read back logic

```
signal Sel1, Sel2, Sel3, Sel4 : std_logic ;
signal DO, Reg1, Reg2, Reg3, Reg4
      : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0) ;
. . .
DO <= (Reg1 and Sel1) or (Reg2 and Sel1) or
      (Sel3 and Reg3) or (Sel4 and Reg4) ;
```

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Hierarchical Reference *

- For the near term use a package based approach

```
Procedure Drive(
  source               : in string ;
  target               : in string ;
  force_mode           : in force_mode_type := DEFAULT ;
  verbose              : in boolean := FALSE
) ;

Procedure Probe(
  observer             : in string ;
  source               : in string ;
  verbose              : in boolean := FALSE
) ;
```

- * Inspired by donations from Mentor (Signal Spy) and Cadence (NCMirror)

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Hierarchical Reference

```
procedure force (
  target        : in string ;
  value         : in string ;
  delay         : in time := 0 ns ;
  delay_mode    : in delay_mode_type := TRANSPORT_DELAY;
  force_mode    : in force_mode_type := DEFAULT;
  cancel_period : in time := -1 fs ;
  verbose       : in boolean := FALSE
);

procedure release (
  target        : in string ;
  keep_value    : in boolean := FALSE ;
  verbose       : in boolean := FALSE
);

function get_value(
  target        : in string ;
  verbose       : in boolean := FALSE
) return string ;
```

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Slices in Array Aggregates

- Allow slices in an Array Aggregate

```
Signal A, B, Y       : unsigned (7 downto 0) ;
signal CarryOut      : std_logic ;

. . .

(CarryOut, Y)  <=  ('0' & A) + ('0' & B) ;
```

- Currently, this would have to be written as:

```
(CarryOut,Y(7),Y(6),Y(5),Y(4),Y(3),Y(2),Y(1),Y(0))
   <= ('0' & A) + ('0' & B) ;
```


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Std Logic_1164 Updates

- Goals: Enhance current std_logic_1164 package
- A few items on the list are:
  - Uncomment xnor operators
  - Add shift operators for vector types
  - Add logical reduction operators
  - Add array/scalar logical operators
  - Match Function
  - Provide text I/O package for standard logic (similar to Synopsys' std_logic_textio)
- See also DVCon 2003 paper, "Enhancements to VHDL's Packages" which is available at:
  http://www.synthworks.com/papers

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Numeric Std Updates

- Goals:
  - Enhance current numeric_std package.
  - Unsigned math with std_logic_vector/std_ulogic_vector

- A few items on the numeric_std list are:
  - Logic reduction operators
  - Array / scalar logic operators
  - Array / scalar addition operators
  - TO_X01, IS_X for unsigned and signed
  - TextIO for numeric_std

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Resulting Operator Overloading

Operator	Left	Right	Result
Logic	TypeA	TypeA	TypeA
Numeric	Array	Array	Array*
	Array	Integer	Array*
	Integer	Array	Array*
Logic, Addition	Array	Std_ulogic	Array
	Std_ulogic	Array	Array
Logic Reduction		Array	Std_ulogic

Notes:

Array = std_ulogic_vector, std_logic_vector, bit_vector unsigned, signed,

TypeA = boolean, std_logic, std_ulogic, Array

For Array and TypeA, arguments must be the same.

* for comparison operators the result is boolean

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VHDL-200X, Summary

- Fast Track work is the first phase of VHDL-200X
  - Expected completion of current work is mid-2005.
- Next Steps are to add:
  - Verification Data Structures such as
    - associative arrays, queues, FIFOs, and memories
  - Object Orientation
  - Constrained Random Stimulus Generation
  - Direct C and Verilog/SystemVerilog Calls
- Goal = HDVL: Hardware Description and Verification Language
  - Full verification capabilities in one consistent language
- VHDL-200X = 200 X better than …

cont

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VHDL-200X: Summary

- We need your help:
  - Participate! Don't sit on the bench and wait and watch.
  - Tell your vendors about features you want supported.
    - Be specific and prioritize your requests
  - We need your financial support (particularly corporate).
    - Most work is voluntary.
    - LRM writing is work for hire.

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SynthWorks & VHDL Standards

- At SynthWorks, we are committed to see that VHDL is updated to incorporate the good features/concepts from other HDL/HVL languages such as SystemVerilog, E (specman), and Vera.
- At SynthWorks, we invest 100's of hours each year working on VHDL's standards
- Support VHDL's standards efforts by:
  - Encouraging your EDA vendor(s) to support VHDL standards,
  - Participating in VHDL standards working groups, and / or
  - Purchasing your VHDL training from SynthWorks

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